

Population Migration Equilibrium Model and Non - Equilibrium Model Research

Xuan Su

Liverpool of university, UK, Liverpool

Keywords: Population migration model, Non-uniform model, Population research

Abstract: Since the population model is proposed, a major content of model control analysis is also formed. In the process of understanding the population migration model and the non-uniform model feature, the development characteristics of structural model under different socio-economic conditions is analyzed. Recognize the transformation status of the model, which is also a major key to the hypothetical control development of the population migration model. Among the new model selection processes, the model structure feature is collected, according to the specific model method verification control and structural transformation characteristics, using the new model scheme. Under the study of its population migration, enhance model integration and assumptions, let subsequent model application elements play, which is also analyzed for economic adjustments related to models.

1. Introduction

1.1 Uniform Model

As early as in the last century, Wallas and Marshall introduced a uniform word into the field of economics, which is also a major theory of control analysis in the field of economics. Hicks has pointed out that the difference in local economic opportunities will produce a certain labor change situation, and will also flow from a region with lower income, which also recognizes some control elements related to life quality. , Including geographic, climate, environment, etc., which will bring certain balances for the development of economic and social development, so that space revenue cannot fully reflect the differences in regional revenue, and thus causing development in the region. Due to the adjustment of the market and structure itself does not reflect the regional development status, the economy is inherently uneven, so the difference between the interval economy is also the main reason for its population migration. According to this model, population migration can be divided into actual wages and employment changes. When recognizing non-economic factors related to quality of life, based on the content of economic and social compensation, based on the difference in life in a certain region, the population migration under the same conditions can be analyzed according to the actual economic transformation characteristics, which is also based on market conditions. The key to adjusting, thereby the difference between the region and unevenness is long-term, and the migration is always able to generate these differences, and the model produced in this basis is a non-uniform model.

1.2 Uniform Model Basic Hypothesis

Assuming content of a homogeneous model originates from an analysis of the concept of model control, but also covers the fusion of the subsequent model elements. Among the analysis of the model content, this exhibition is the characteristics of the model structure transition, but also the control angle content for the angle of the model. Among the commodity restrictions in different angles, it is also a key point for the current situation on the current climate, natural environment, and living environment. In response to model transformation features, non-economic factors analyze economic revenue and control characteristics are the key to their application. For example, in a high-income area, in accordance with its environmental consumption relationship, an analysis

is made for overall consumption content. It helps to analyze structured content and achieve subsequent compensation control, which has made development throughout the market application. According to the transition relationship of uniform model, the market and migration characteristics of itself are analyzed, and the uneven development in the interval is understood. And according to the market-based transition structure, the model is simulated, and a related conclusion node is obtained. The adjustment content of this model also includes a variety of factors to classify according to the structural transition relationship. And through the new structural content, understand the quality of life or the transformation development of the residential environment, and adjust it as the core, so that the net mobility of the population is returned to zero, reaching a new balance.

2. Specific Applicable Conditions for Two Types of Models

2.1 Basic Applicable Conditions

From the application control of the two types of models, there is a certain difference in the content of the applicable conditions of the two models. Any of the influencing factors related to population migration and model control concepts contain a large-scale relationship element. Therefore, for subsequent migration behaviors, assumption analysis is made, with this pursuit of maximum principle, it is a key point to realize the development of migration control. It also analyzes it in the process of recognizing the market transition efficiency. Therefore, discussing with the assumptions of uniform models, analyzing in the hypothetical hypothesis control concept of a uniform model, classified according to the quality of life and non-economic factors. Here the transformation characteristics of the structural model are there to be a certain contact attribute. Among the control processes of the factors, in accordance with the migration status of the market, make assumptions based on the re-classification theory, the reflection of the core concepts is carried out in the starting forum of the operating model, and it also helps to control the development of various operating models. Among the factors related to quality of life, it helps to improve the content of the current model's attributes, and achieve changes in economic and social and regional differences. During the fusion of market migration and its own elements, it is understood that the economic situation is in the economic migration attribute. Further analysis, in accordance with the impact of impact attributes and complementary relationships, understand the environment and regional status, many non-model research also systematically analyzed the influencing factors of life quality and non-economic models.

2.2 Developing Countries

Developing countries have a variety of non-economic factors related to their living attributes and quality of life, only the compensation role of local partial content for economic conditions. Instead of integrity control, for the economic attribute measurement process, the population migration between the region is often limited by policy content. Economic and non-developed also makes a major obstacle to migration costs, such a factor in control content, which is difficult to achieve actual protection for subsequent migration structural transformation and related content adjustments. Among the new balance content, the output structure of population migration is analyzed, and it is seen that it is a major feature of the population structure to the industrial structure. Among the analysis of their structural content, the factors associated with quality of life and economic income are all included through multiple relationships, and some non-economic factors are controlled. Therefore, even in developing countries or the introduction of developed countries, the research of different models will be expressed.

2.3 Application of Developed Countries

Developed countries have a certain unity of their applications, in accordance with the collection of application conditions and handling content, in accordance with the collection of applications, in achieving all kinds of models, the comprehensive master of information materials can be completed.

It is also analyzed within a certain economic area, with complete information exchange capabilities. It is possible to select information on all aspects, and have its positive significance for the development of the economic itself without the mood of the population. Helps understand according to the control content of economic costs and further adjust the market structure. But even in the background of the most developed country, it is not a complete affirmation of the construction of the model. At this time, the control and analysis content of the model will have certain interconnects with the structural transition characteristics of the previous stage, and the properties relationship constructed in the model is understood in accordance with the structure adjustment.

3. Next Research Suggestion

3.1 Cognition of Concept

A new conceptual understanding mode is clarified and illustrated in the conceptual structure content analysis process in accordance with the scientific theory analysis. The content of some confusion concept is always fully controlled. First, according to uniform meaning, whether in the scientific society or even in the natural social field, the most basic meaning is no longer adjusted one of themselves. concept. Any natural or social system is usually affected by the outside environment, so analyzing this structural characteristics, it is important to understand and analyze it in understanding the properties of both parties. But emphasizing the state of the original system, or the development of the control system is not enough. Shaving is redefined with the features of the two aspects, in accordance with the new interpretation scheme, with the new concept content, the content of the dispute content is achieved.

3.2 Consideration of the Method

Research on the background of the United States in the same time can explain new method elements. Also in the forum process, some content related to it is in the model. Among the estimated processes, usually with different degrees of multiple linear problems. Once the interpretation variable is increased, the estimation of the equation becomes sensitive, and a combination of different variables can also cause different structural results. Therefore, it is also very important to analyze the use of the least squares application content. In the regionalized structural adjustment process, the control is controlled according to the population migration model, and it is learned by the program of Unlicit equation. At the same time, unified analysis is performed in accordance with the contents of time series. Among the multiple sequence content regulation processes, the scientific and rational content is analyzed.

4. Conclusion

Regarding the structural adjustment of population model forecasting and analysis control content, it analyzes in accordance with the current population migration uniform model and non-uniform model. In the process of outputting a uniform model, explore it. Understand the development sequence relationship of population models and make awareness of the uniform characteristics of the model and non-operating analysis. While understanding the specific applicable conditions of the two models, explore them, which also provides a new proposition to the current research process.

References

- [1] Sun Wei, Ma Xiaoling, Shen Luoguang. Analysis of the Long - term Actuarithm Balance of Urban and Rural Population Migration Fund for Basic Medical Insurance - Based on the Development Model of Population Domain Domain [J]. Social Security Research, 2019, 000 (004) : 61-77.
- [2] Comfort. Research on the supply and demand of assembled residential market based on non-unbalance theory [D]. Shenyang Construction University, 2019.

- [3] Chen Yan, high. The impact of restriction restriction policy on urban population migration - policy simulation based on dynamic random general equilibrium model [J]. Statistics and Information Forum, 2020, V.35; No.236 (05 : 124-129).
- [4] Yang Lihua, Chen Yifan, Zhou Zhi. “Public Equilibrium and Non-Balance” Conflict New Theory [J] .Chinese Social Science, 2019 (11).